

MAGNIFICENT PAGEANT OF  
COLOR, POMP AND BRILLIANCY

The Park City miners captured the crowd, and people went from point to point to get another view of them. That they were the real thing is evident by the remarks of

near the end of the parade. One of the men  
dry and pretty tired from the march.  
walk. At last he said to the man in  
front of him:  
"God, Bill, I wish I had a bottle."  
"Bottle," replied Bill. "I wished I  
had a cask."

The remarks were overheard and  
captured the crowd. About 100 miners  
came in line and they were a good-  
natured crowd.

One of the striking features of the  
parade was the float which followed  
the military delegation and brought up  
the rear. This represented a warship  
with bristling guns. It was one of the  
showiest features of the parade and  
attracted much attention and admiration.  
Who would have thought to have  
seen here were various signs, advertising  
the fact that Seattle is the warship  
of the northwestern sea coast.

WINNERS OF PRIZES.

Montana, Park City, Seattle and San Francisco Get First Money.

A feature of the day's festivities in which the delegates were most interested was the parade. The big prize was \$1,000 for the company making the best appearance. Beauty and originality of costumes were points to be taken into consideration. The first prize, \$1,000, went to the Montana delegation, which was attired in white flannel, heavily faced with red. The Quilley-Salvador, of El Paso, captured the second prize of \$500, and Omaha secured the third prize of \$250. Opinion was divided as to whether the El Paso delegation or the Montana boys ought to have the first prize. The southern delegation had the most picturesque uniform, and the display appealed more to the popular fancy than the buckskin and sombreros did.

Park City was an easy winner when it came to the most unique display in the parade, numbers considered. The miners captured the first prize, \$500. The Pleasant Plains won second money, \$100, and the Joliet delegation got third money, \$50. They stood a good chance for second place, but did not have the numbers.

Seattle had practically no competition in the contest for the finest float, the result being a tie between the

first money anyway. The battleship was a winner, and captured the prize of \$50. Louisville was a competitor for the banner, but lost the prize. The band, captured at Buffalo, but the emblem was mislaid, and the custodian, who was taken ill, could not be found. The prize was \$25. The band lost. This made two prizes for the northern delegates.

The marching band contest was an exciting thing for the San Francisco hand. They won the prize for making the best appearance and the best music for marching. They won \$200 for marching like soldiers and playing like artists.

The judges were: Colonel John W. Bubb, Major P. C. Wood and Captain J. H. Smith of the Twenty-third Infantry of Fort Douglas.

## SALT LAKE, TOO



N. R. Greenfield.

Carr promptly informed the man of her choice that he could not go to Salt Lake unless he took her, too.

Of course, Mr. Greenfield was no slow to take the hint, and to make a long story short, the couple left for the county clerk and secured the necessary matrimonial documents. A minister came to the quiet wedding and the ceremony took place last Monday.

Immediately afterwards the newly married couple boarded a train, and the bride and groom were off for Salt Lake." This is why the exalted ruler from Rawlins came into town with such a broad smile on his countenance.

**GUARD REDUCED.**—Shenandoah, Pa., Aug. 12.—The provost guard of two companies, which has been on constant duty since the troops were called here, was reduced to one company today. General Gobin has not sent troops into the Catawissa valley, where the farmers have been robbed of crops and poultry, and it is not likely that any will be ordered there unless the depredations in that

district should be repeated.

**DR. HOLBROOK DEAD.**

New York, Aug. 13.—Dr. Martin Luther Holbrook is dead at his residence here, in his 73d year. He was a native of Mantua, Portage county, O. After receiving his diploma as a physician he, in 1861-63, associated himself with Dr. Dio Lewis in Boston in his

propaganda of physical culture and hygiene and the introduction of the Lewis system into the schools of various cities.

